

1171-01EA



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Product Name: Diltiazem Hydrochloride Injection

1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY INFORMATION

Manufacturer Name And Address Hospira, Inc.
 275 North Field Drive
 Lake Forest, Illinois 60045
 USA

Emergency Telephone CHEMTREC: 800 424-9300
Hospira, Inc. 224 212-2055

Product Name Diltiazem Hydrochloride Injection

Synonyms None

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredient Name Diltiazem Hydrochloride Injection
Chemical Formula $C_{22}H_{27}ClN_2O_4S$

Component	Approximate Percent by Weight	CAS Number	RTECS Number
Diltiazem Hydrochloride	0.5	33286-22-5	N/A
Sorbitol	7.1	50-70-4	LZ4290000
Water	92	7732-18-5	ZC0110000

Note: Diltiazem Hydrochloride is also available in the ADD-Vantage Vial and will appear as an off-white crystalline powder.

3. HAZARD INFORMATION

Emergency Overview In clinical use, this material is used to treat cardiac ailments and hypertensive crises. The active ingredient is toxic by ingestion. Possible target organs include the heart, cardiovascular system, liver, kidneys and fetus.

Occupational Exposure Potential Information on the absorption of this compound via ingestion, inhalation or skin contact is not available. Avoid liquid aerosol generation and skin contact.

Signs and Symptoms No signs or symptoms from occupational exposure are known. Clinical data suggest the following: edema, headaches, nausea, dizziness, rash, excessive urination, cardiac changes, constipation, dyspepsia, decreased blood pressure, slow heart rate, sleep, muscle weakness, insomnia.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure Hypersensitivity to the material. Data suggest any preexisting ailments in the following organs: kidney, liver, heart. Concurrent use of medications.

Product Name: Diltiazem Hydrochloride Injection

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye Contact: Remove from source of exposure. Flush with copious amounts of water. If irritation persists or signs of toxicity occur, seek medical attention. Provide symptomatic/supportive care as necessary.

Skin Contact: Remove from source of exposure. Flush with copious amounts of water. If irritation persists or signs of toxicity occur, seek medical attention. Provide symptomatic/supportive care as necessary.

Inhalation: Remove from source of exposure. If signs of toxicity occur, seek medical attention. Provide symptomatic / supportive care as necessary.

Ingestion: Remove from source of exposure. If signs of toxicity occur, seek medical attention. Provide symptomatic / supportive care as necessary.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammability: Non-flammable.

Fire & Explosion Hazard: None

Extinguishing Media: Use extinguishing media appropriate for primary cause of fire.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures No special provisions required beyond normal fire fighting equipment such as flame and chemical resistant clothing and self contained breathing apparatus.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spill Cleanup and Disposal Absorb liquid with suitable material and clean affected area with soap and water. Dispose of materials according to the applicable federal, state, or local regulations.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Keep under refrigeration. Do not freeze.

Storage No special storage required for hazard control. For product protection store under refrigeration at temperature of 2-8 °C (36-46 °F). May be stored at room temperature for up to one month. Destroy after one month at room temperature.

Special Precautions Protect from freezing and extreme heat.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Guidelines

Component	Exposure Limits		
	OSHA-PEL	ACGIH-TLV	Hospira EEL
Diltiazem Hydrochloride	8 hr TWA: Not Established	8 hr TWA: Not Established	8 hr TWA: 20 mcg/m3 STEL: Not Established
Sorbitol	8 hr TWA: Not Established	8 hr TWA: Not Established	8 hr TWA: Not Established

Notes: OSHA PEL: US Occupational Safety and Health Administration – Permissible Exposure Limit
ACGIH TLV: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists – Threshold Limit Value.
EEL: Employee Exposure Limit.
TWA: 8 hour Time Weighted Average.
STEL: 15-minute Short Term Exposure Limit.

Product Name: Diltiazem Hydrochloride Injection

Respiratory Protection Respiratory protection is not needed during normal product use.

Skin Protection If solution contact with unprotected skin is likely, use of impervious gloves is a prudent practice.

Eye Protection Eye protection is not required during expected product use conditions but may be warranted should a splash potential exist.

Engineering Controls Engineering controls are not needed during normal product use conditions.

9. PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance/Physical State: Clear, colorless solution
Note: Diltiazem Hydrochloride is also available in the ADD-Vantage Vial and will appear as an off-white crystalline powder.

Odor None

Boiling Point Approximately that of water (100 °C, 212 °F).

Freezing Point Approximately that of water (0 °C, 32 °F).

Vapor Pressure Approximately that of water (17.5 mm Hg at 20 °C).

Vapor Density (Air=1) Not Applicable

Evaporation Rate Not Applicable

Bulk Density Not Determined

Specific Gravity Approximately that of water (1.0).

Solubility Water soluble

pH 3.7 - 4.1

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability Stable under standard use and storage conditions.

Incompatibilities None

Hazardous Decomposition Products Toxic fumes of HCl and oxides of nitrogen

Hazardous Polymerization Not Determined.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION:

Toxicity

Ingredient(s)	Percent	Test Type	Value	Units	Species
Diltiazem Hydrochloride	100	LD50	470-810	mg/kg	Rats, Mice
Sorbitol	100	LD50	15900-17800	mg/kg	Rats, Mice

LD50 is the dosage producing 50% mortality.
Product contains approximately 0.5% Diltiazem Hydrochloride.

Mutagenicity Negative in the Ames Test. Negative in the chromosomal aberration assay.
Negative in the micronucleus test.

Target Organ Effects In clinical use target organ effects include the heart. Diltiazem is a calcium channel blocker used to treat angina, cardiac ailments and hypertensive crises. Diltiazem alters the conduction in the heart. In animal studies, dosages above 2.5 mg/kg/day produced embryoletality, skeletal abnormalities, and fetotoxicity while dosages of 5 mg/kg/day or more altered kidney and/or liver function.

Product Name: Diltiazem Hydrochloride Injection

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION:

Aquatic Toxicity Not Available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS:

Waste Disposal Disposal should be performed in accordance with the federal, state or local regulatory requirements.

Container Handling and Disposal Dispose of container and unused contents in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations.

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

DOT Not Regulated

Notes: DOT - US Department of Transportation Regulations

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

TSCA Status Not Regulated
CERCLA Status Not Regulated
SARA Status Not Regulated
RCRA Status Not Regulated
PROP 65 (Calif.) Diltiazem Hydrochloride is identified in the state of California to cause reproductive toxicity.

Notes: TSCA Toxlo Substance Control Act
 CERCLA, US EPA law, Comprehensive Environmental Responso, Compensation, and Liability Act
 SARA Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act
 RCRA US EPA, Resource Conservation und Recovery Act
 Prop 65, California Proposillon 65

16. OTHER INFORMATION:

MSDS Coordinator Global Occupational Toxicology
Date Prepared September 15, 2005
Date Revised October 21, 2008

Disclaimer:
The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon tests believed to be reliable. However, Hospira does not guarantee their accuracy or completeness NOR SHALL ANY OF THIS INFORMATION CONSTITUTE A WARRANTY, WHETHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, AS TO THE SAFETY OF THE GOODS, THE MERCHANTABILITY OF THE GOODS, OR THE FITNESS OF THE GOODS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. Adjustment to conform to actual conditions of usage may be required. Hospira assumes no responsibility for results obtained or for incidental or consequential damages, including lost profits, arising from the use of these data. No warranty against infringement of any patent, copyright or trademark is made or implied.